

ABGII (exch neck) Total Conventional Hip Investigation

Note: This analysis compares the ABGII (exch neck) femoral stem prosthesis with all other total conventional hip prostheses.

This prosthesis has been identified as having a significantly higher rate of revision. For a detailed explanation of the process used by the Registry that results in identification of prostheses that have a higher than anticipated rate of revision please refer to the Prostheses with Higher than Anticipated Rates of Revision chapter of the most recent AOANJRR Annual Report, <https://aoanjrr.sahmri.com/annual-reports-2026>.

Note: Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using prostheses with no recorded use in 2025 are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 1

Revision Rate of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The revision rate of the ABGII (exch neck) total conventional hip prosthesis is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 1: Revision Rates of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

Component	N Revised	N Total	Obs. Years	Revisions/100 Obs. Yrs (95% CI)
ABGII (exch neck)	112	246	2335	4.80 (3.95, 5.77)
Other Total Conventional Hip	19701	568612	3623071	0.54 (0.54, 0.55)
TOTAL	19813	568858	3625406	0.55 (0.54, 0.55)

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2025 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 2

Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The yearly cumulative percent revision of the ABGII (exch neck) total conventional hip prosthesis is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 2: Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision (95% CI) of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

CPR	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	4 Yrs	5 Yrs	6 Yrs
ABGII (exch neck)	4.5 (2.5, 8.0)	7.8 (5.0, 12.0)	11.1 (7.8, 15.8)	14.5 (10.6, 19.6)	20.5 (15.9, 26.2)	28.5 (23.1, 34.7)
Other Total Conventional Hip	1.7 (1.7, 1.8)	2.1 (2.1, 2.2)	2.5 (2.4, 2.5)	2.8 (2.7, 2.8)	3.0 (3.0, 3.1)	3.3 (3.2, 3.3)

CPR	7 Yrs	8 Yrs	9 Yrs	10 Yrs	11 Yrs	12 Yrs
ABGII (exch neck)	30.7 (25.2, 37.1)	31.2 (25.7, 37.6)	33.7 (27.9, 40.2)	37.2 (31.2, 43.9)	41.5 (35.3, 48.4)	46.1 (39.6, 53.1)
Other Total Conventional Hip	3.5 (3.5, 3.6)	3.8 (3.7, 3.9)	4.1 (4.0, 4.2)	4.4 (4.3, 4.5)	4.7 (4.6, 4.8)	5.1 (5.0, 5.2)

CPR	13 Yrs	14 Yrs	15 Yrs	16 Yrs	17 Yrs	18 Yrs
ABGII (exch neck)	47.8 (41.2, 54.9)	50.2 (43.6, 57.3)	52.3 (45.5, 59.5)			
Other Total Conventional Hip	5.4 (5.3, 5.5)	5.8 (5.7, 5.9)	6.2 (6.1, 6.3)	6.6 (6.5, 6.7)	7.0 (6.8, 7.1)	7.3 (7.1, 7.5)

CPR	19 Yrs	20 Yrs	21 Yrs	22 Yrs	23 Yrs	24 Yrs	25 Yrs
ABGII (exch neck)							
Other Total Conventional Hip	7.7 (7.5, 7.9)	8.0 (7.8, 8.2)	8.6 (8.3, 8.9)	9.0 (8.7, 9.4)	9.6 (9.1, 10.0)	9.6 (9.2, 10.1)	10.3 (9.4, 11.2)

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2025 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

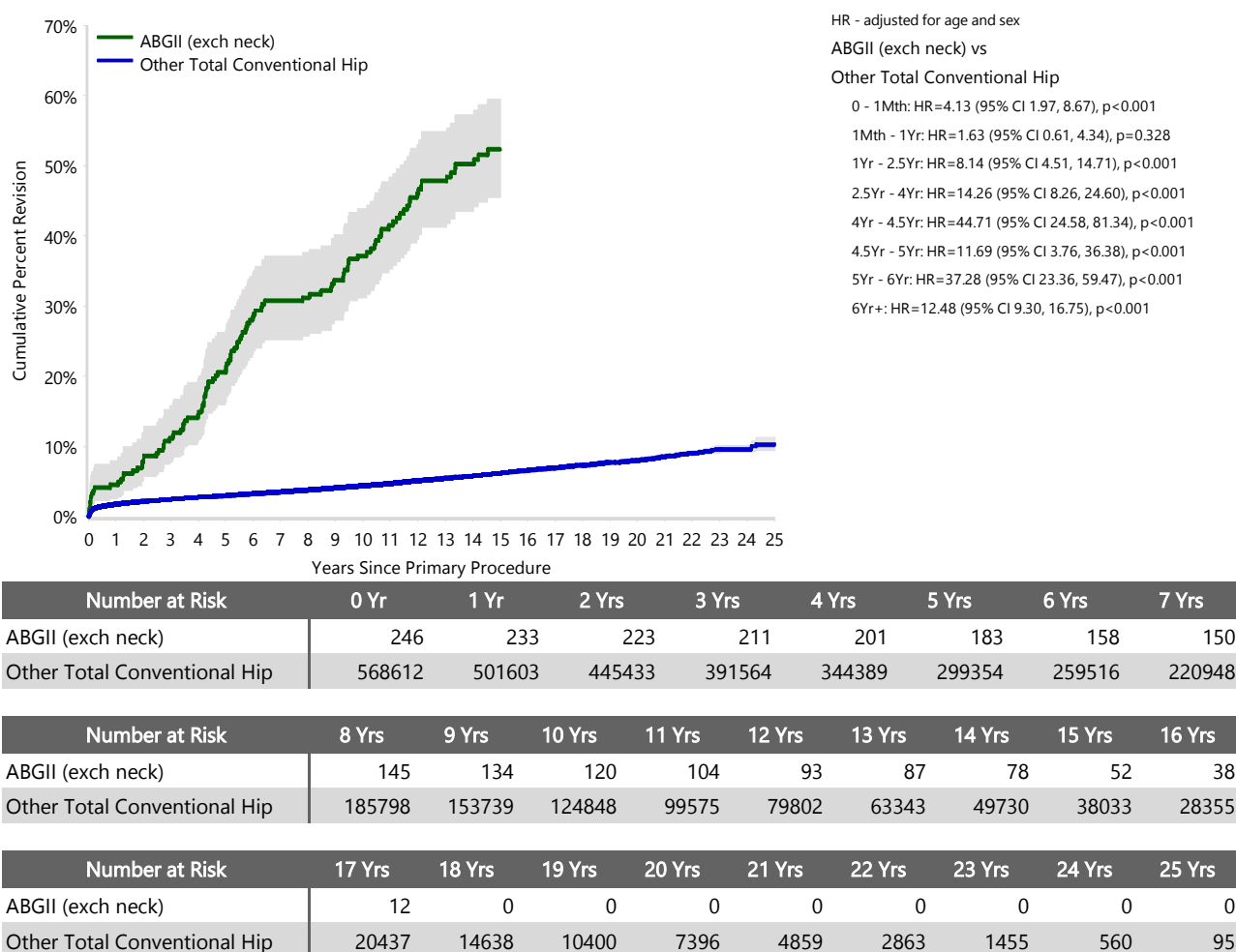
FIGURE 1

Yearly Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

The yearly cumulative percent revision of the ABGII (exch neck) total conventional hip prosthesis is compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses. In addition, hazard ratios are reported.

Hazard ratios are reported for specific time periods during which the hazard ratio is constant. This is done to enable more specific and valid comparisons of the risk of revision over time. The pattern of variation in risk has important implications with respect to the underlying reasons for any difference.

Figure 1: Cumulative Percent Revision of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement



Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2025 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 3**Primary Diagnosis for Revised Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement**

This table identifies the diagnosis of the primary procedure which was subsequently revised. This information is provided as there is a variation on outcome depending on the primary diagnosis. It is therefore important when considering the reasons for a higher than anticipated rate of revision that there is identification of the primary diagnosis. This information should be compared to the primary diagnosis for the revisions of all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 3: Primary Diagnosis for Revised Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

Primary Diagnosis	ABGII (exch neck)		Other Total Conventional Hip	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Osteoarthritis	107	95.5	16296	82.7
Fractured Neck Of Femur	1	0.9	1521	7.7
Osteonecrosis	1	0.9	844	4.3
Developmental Dysplasia			321	1.6
Rheumatoid Arthritis	1	0.9	201	1.0
Failed Internal Fixation			165	0.8
Tumour			157	0.8
Other Inflammatory Arthritis	1	0.9	102	0.5
Fracture/Dislocation			60	0.3
Other	1	0.9	21	0.1
Arthrodesis Takedown			13	0.1
TOTAL	112	100.0	19701	100.0

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2025 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 4

Reasons for Revision

This is reported in two ways: a percentage of primary procedures revised and as a percentage of all revision procedures.

% Primaries Revised: This shows the proportional contribution of each revision diagnosis as a percentage of the total number of primary procedures. This percentage can be used to approximate the risk of being revised for that diagnosis. Differing percentages between groups, with the same distribution of follow up time, may identify problems of concern.

% Revisions: The number of revisions for each diagnosis is expressed as a percentage of the total number of revisions. This shows the distribution of reasons for revision within a group but cannot be used as a comparison between groups.

Table 4: Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement - Reason for Revision (Follow-up Limited to 18 Years)

Revision Diagnosis	ABGII (exch neck)			Other Total Conventional Hip		
	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions	Number	% Primaries Revised	% Revisions
Infection	4	1.6	3.6	4995	0.9	25.6
Prosthesis Dislocation/Instability	7	2.8	6.3	4368	0.8	22.3
Fracture	21	8.5	18.8	4318	0.8	22.1
Loosening	7	2.8	6.3	3592	0.6	18.4
Pain	1	0.4	0.9	338	0.1	1.7
Leg Length Discrepancy	2	0.8	1.8	307	0.1	1.6
Malposition				281	0.0	1.4
Implant Breakage Stem	1	0.4	0.9	206	0.0	1.1
Lysis	5	2.0	4.5	188	0.0	1.0
Implant Breakage Acetabular Insert				125	0.0	0.6
Wear Acetabular Insert				98	0.0	0.5
Incorrect Sizing				96	0.0	0.5
Metal Related Pathology	64	26.0	57.1	85	0.0	0.4
Implant Breakage Acetabular				71	0.0	0.4
Wear Head				47	0.0	0.2
Tumour				46	0.0	0.2
Heterotopic Bone				26	0.0	0.1
Implant Breakage Head				24	0.0	0.1
Wear Acetabulum				6	0.0	0.0
Osteonecrosis				4	0.0	0.0
Synovitis				2	0.0	0.0
Progression Of Disease				1	0.0	0.0
Other				320	0.1	1.6
N Revision	112	45.5	100.0	19544	3.4	100.0
N Primary	246			568612		

Note: This table is restricted to revisions within 18 years for all groups to allow a time-matched comparison of revisions.

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2025 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

FIGURE 2**Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement**

This figure details the cumulative incidence of the most common reasons for revision. The five most common reasons for revision are included as long as each of these reasons account for more than 10 procedures or at least 5% of all revisions for the ABGII (exch neck) total conventional hip prosthesis. A comparative graph is provided of the cumulative incidence for the same reasons for revisions for all other total conventional hip prostheses.

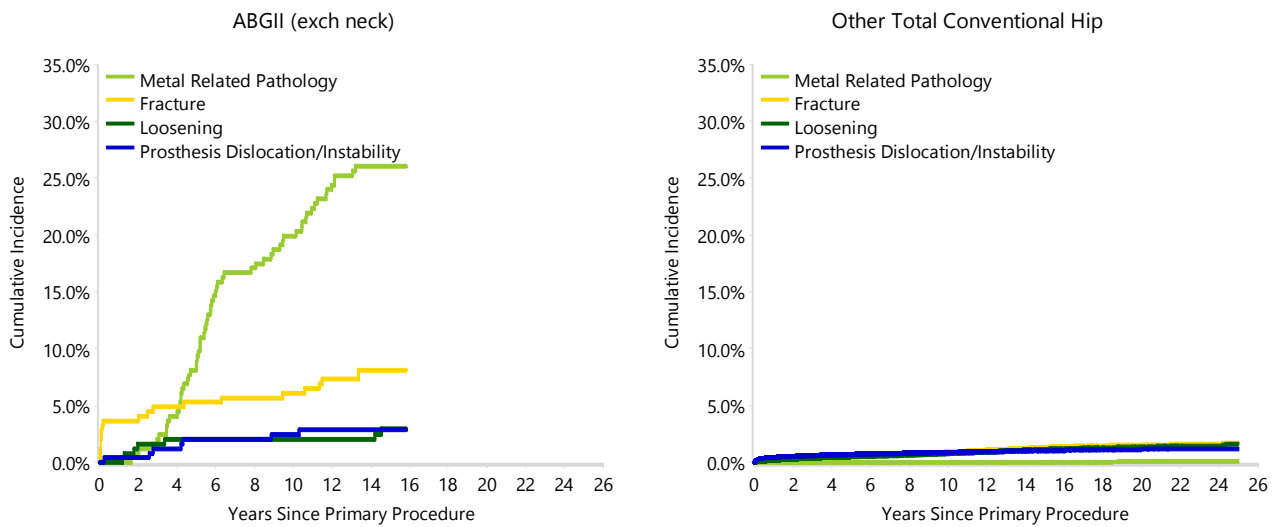
Figure 2: Cumulative Incidence Revision Diagnosis for Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

TABLE 5

Type of Revision Performed for Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement

This analysis identifies the components used in the revision of the ABGII (exch neck) total conventional hip prosthesis and compares it to the components used in the revision of all other total conventional hip prostheses.

The reason this analysis is undertaken is to identify whether there is one or more components which are being replaced that differ from the components replaced for revisions of all other total conventional hip prostheses i.e. is there a difference in the type of revision undertaken for the ABGII (exch neck) total conventional hip prosthesis compared to all other total conventional hip prostheses.

Table 5: Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement - Type of Revision (Follow-up Limited to 18 Years)

Type of Revision	ABGII (exch neck)		Other Total Conventional Hip	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Femoral Component	87	77.7	6611	33.8
Acetabular Component	3	2.7	3272	16.7
THR (Femoral/Acetabular)	12	10.7	2267	11.6
Cement Spacer	3	2.7	556	2.8
Removal of Prostheses			92	0.5
Reinsertion of Components			27	0.1
Total Femoral			12	0.1
Bipolar Head and Femoral			10	0.1
N Major	105	93.8	12847	65.7
Head/Insert	3	2.7	5333	27.3
Head Only			911	4.7
Minor Components	3	2.7	283	1.4
Insert Only			167	0.9
Bipolar Only			1	0.0
Cement Only			1	0.0
Head/Neck	1	0.9		
Head/Neck/Insert			1	0.0
N Minor	7	6.3	6697	34.3
TOTAL	112	100.0	19544	100.0

Note: This table is restricted to revisions within 18 years for all groups to allow a time-matched comparison of revisions.

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2025 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 6**Revision Rates of ABGII (exch neck) Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Fixation**

This analysis is provided as some prostheses have more than one fixation option. Additionally there are prostheses where an alternative to the recommended approach to fixation was used e.g. a cementless prosthesis that has been cemented or vice-versa.

Table 6: Revised Number of ABGII (exch neck) Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Fixation

Fixation	N Revised	N Total
Cementless	112	246
TOTAL	112	246

TABLE 7**Revision Rates of ABGII (exch neck) Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Bearing Surface**

This analysis is provided as some prostheses are combined with a variety of bearing surfaces. All bearing surfaces used with this prosthesis are listed.

Table 7: Revised Number of ABGII (exch neck) Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Bearing Surface

Bearing Surface	N Revised	N Total
Ceramic/Ceramic	102	210
Ceramic/XLPE	7	20
Metal/Metal	1	2
Metal/XLPE	2	14
TOTAL	112	246

TABLE 8**Revision Rates of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by State**

This enables a state by state variation to be identified for the ABGII (exch neck) total conventional hip prosthesis and provides the comparative data for each of the states for all other total conventional hip prostheses.

The purpose of this analysis is to determine if the higher than anticipated rate of revision has widespread distribution between states. If there is widespread distribution then the reason for the higher than anticipated rate of revision is unlikely to be surgeon specific. If the prosthesis has been used in only a small number of states it is not possible to distinguish if the higher than anticipated rate of revision is related to the prosthesis, surgeon, technique or patient.

Table 8: Revised Number of Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by State

Component	State	N Revised	N Total
ABGII (exch neck)	NSW	112	243
	VIC	0	3
Other Total Conventional Hip	NSW	5507	167002
	VIC	4853	146558
	QLD	3968	104359
	WA	2510	64946
	SA	1887	52084
	TAS	439	18269
	ACT/NT	537	15394
TOTAL		19813	568858

Note: Prostheses no longer used in 2025 are excluded from the comparator. Procedures using metal/metal prostheses with head size larger than 32mm are excluded from the comparator.

TABLE 9**Number of Revisions of ABGII (exch neck) Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant**

This analysis details the number of prostheses reported each year to the Registry for the ABGII (exch neck) total conventional hip prosthesis. It also provides the subsequent number of revisions of the primaries reported in that year.

Primary procedures performed in later years have had less follow up time therefore the number revised is expected to be less than the number revised in earlier years. For example, a primary procedure performed in 2025 has a maximum of one year to be revised, whereas a primary procedure performed in 2023 has a maximum of three years to be revised.

Table 9: Number of Revisions of ABGII (exch neck) Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Year of Implant

Year of Implant	Number Revised	Total Number
2007	9	10
2008	21	39
2009	23	69
2010	24	58
2011	31	63
2012	4	7
TOTAL	112	246

TABLE 10

Revision Rates of ABGII (exch neck) Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Catalogue Number Range

Many prostheses have a number of catalogue ranges. The catalogue range is specific to particular design features; more than one catalogue range usually indicates a minor difference in design in a particular ABGII (exch neck) prosthesis.

This analysis has been undertaken to determine if the revision rate varies according to the catalogue number range.

Model	Catalogue Range	Catalogue Description	Cement	Material	Stem Type	Coating
Femoral Stem						
ABGII (exch neck)	48454101-48454208	MODULAR STEM	NO	METAL	REQUIRES FEMNECK	HA COATED

Table 10: Revised Number of ABGII (exch neck) Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Catalogue Number Range

Femoral Stem Range	N Revised	N Total
48454101-48454208	112	246
TOTAL	112	246

TABLE 11**Revision Rates of ABGII (exch neck) Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Component**

A prosthesis may be combined with multiple components. This analysis has been undertaken to determine if the revision rate varies according to the component with which it is combined.

Table 11: Revised Number of ABGII (exch neck) Primary Total Conventional Hip Replacement by Acetabular Component

Acetabular Component	N Revised	N Total
ABGII	3	3
ABGII (Shell/Insert)	7	8
Delta-TT	1	1
Mitch TRH	1	2
PINNACLE	81	174
R3	1	1
Restoration	1	1
Trident (Shell)	16	55
Trident/Titanium (Shell)	1	1
TOTAL	112	246